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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/614,148	07/07/2003	Peter Willaert	223468	7705
23460 75	590 01/24/2006		EXAMINER	
	IT & MAYER, LTD	2.4900	THOMPSON, CAMIE S	
TWO PRUDENTIAL PLAZA, SUITE 4900 180 NORTH STETSON AVENUE		2.4700	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CHICAGO, IL	60601-6780		1774	

DATE MAILED: 01/24/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Z.		
		10/614,148 .	WILLAERT ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Camie S. Thompson	1774			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence addres	s		
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Donsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Poperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to, cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this commur ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Ame	ndment filed November 14, 2005	<b>5</b> .			
·		action is non-final.	ŗ.			
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>8-31</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) <u>8-15 and 22-29</u> is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>16,18,19,30 and 31</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>15, 17 and 20-21</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Applicati	on Papers	•				
10)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ot	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Djected to. See 37 CFR 1.	` '		
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)[_] a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document:  2. Certified copies of the priority document:  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stag	j <b>e</b>		
Attachmen		∆\	(DTO 442)			
2)  Notic 3)  Infor	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5)  Notice of Informal I 6)  Other:		)		

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Applicant's amendment and accompanying remarks filed November 14, 2005 have been acknowledged.

2. Examiner acknowledges amended claims 8-13.

applicant's submission of the terminal disclaimer.

3. Examiner acknowledges newly added claims 16-31.

4. The rejection of claims 8-15 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over U.S. Application 10/105,758 is withdrawn due to

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

6. Claims 16, 18-19 and 30-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Van Haare et al., U.S. Patent Number 5,994,496.

Van Haare discloses layers of conjugated polymers that may be used as a transparent coating on a display device or as an electrode layer in an electroluminescent device (see column 1, lines 5-12). The reference discloses 3,4-di(2-mehtylbutoxy)-2,5-thiophene as a preferred polymer (see column 3, lines 22-31). Column 5, lines 27-37 of the Van Haare reference discloses that at least

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one electrode (which can include both electrodes) has a transparent coating using a preferred polythiophene such as 3,4-di(2-methylbutoxy)-2,5-thiophene solution.

- 7. Claims 15, 17 and 20-21 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art does not provide for the recited process, further including the paste as an aqueous transparent paste. Additionally, the prior art does not provide for the recited process, further including the electroluminescent device used in illuminated posters and signage.
- 8. Claims 8-15 and 22-29 are allowed. The prior art does not provide for a process for producing an electroluminescent device comprising a transparent or translucent support, a transparent or translucent first electrode, a second conductive electrode and an electroluminescent phosphor layer sandwiched between said transparent or translucent first electrode and second conductive electrode, wherein said first and second electrodes each comprises a polymer or copolymer of 3,4-dialkoxythiophene, which may be the same or different, in which said two alkoxy groups may be the same or different or together represent an optionally substituted oxy-alkylene-oxy bridge, comprising the steps of: (I) coating a transparent or translucent support with a solution, a dispersion or a paste of a polymer or copolymer of a 3,4-dialkoxythiophene to produce said transparent or translucent first conductive layer; (ii) coating said first conductive layer with a layer comprising an electroluminescent phosphor, (iii) coating said layer comprising an electroluminescent phosphor with a dielectric layer; and (iv) coating said dielectric layer with a solution, dispersion or paste comprising a polymer or copolymer of

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3,4-dialkoxythiophene to produce said second conductive layer, wherein said polymer or copolymer of said 3,4-dialkoxythiophene in the solution, dispersion or pasted used in step (i) may be the same or different from said polymer or copolymer of said 3, 4-dialkoxythiophene used in the solution, dispersion or paste used in step (iv).

Additionally, the prior art does not provide for a process comprising the steps of: using a transparent paste comprising a polymer or copolymer of a 3,4-dialkoxythiophene, a polyacrylate thickener and a glycol derivative, and optionally a surfactant for producing an electrode of an electroluminescent device comprising a transparent or translucent support, a transparent or translucent first electrode, a second conductive electrode and an electroluminescent phosphor layer sandwiched between said transparent or translucent first electrode and said second conductive electrode, wherein said first and second electrodes each comprises a polymer or copolymer of a 3,4-dialkoxythiophene, which may be the same or different, in which said two alkoxy groups may be the same or different or together represent an optionally substituted oxyalkylene-oxy-bridge.

The prior art does not provide for a process for producing an electroluminescent device comprising a transparent or translucent support, a transparent or translucent first electrode, a second conductive electrode and an electroluminescent phosphor layer sandwiched between said transparent or translucent first electrode and second conductive electrode, wherein said first and second electrodes each comprises a polymer or copolymer of 3,4-dialkoxythiophene, which may be the same or different, in which said two alkoxy groups may be the same or different or together represent an optionally substituted oxy-alkylene-oxy bridge, comprising the steps of: (I) coating a transparent or translucent support with a solution, a dispersion or a paste of a polymer

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or copolymer of a 3,4-dialkoxythiophene to produce said transparent or translucent first conductive layer; (ii) coating said first conductive layer with a layer comprising an electroluminescent phosphor, (iii) coating said layer comprising an electroluminescent phosphor with a dielectric layer; and (iv) coating said dielectric layer with a solution, dispersion or paste comprising a polymer or copolymer of 3,4-dialkoxythiophene to produce said second conductive layer, wherein said polymer or copolymer of said 3,4-dialkoxythiophene in the solution, dispersion or pasted used in step (i) may be the same or different from said polymer or copolymer of said 3, 4-dialkoxythiophene used in the solution, dispersion or paste used in step (iv) and wherein said electroluminescent phosphor belongs to the class of II-IV semiconductiors or is a combination of a group II element with an oxidic anion.

The prior art does not provide for a process for producing an electroluminescent device comprising a transparent or translucent support, a transparent or translucent first electrode, a second conductive electrode and an electroluminescent phosphor layer sandwiched between said transparent or translucent first electrode and second conductive electrode, wherein said first and second electrodes each comprises a polymer or copolymer of 3,4-dialkoxythiophene, which may be the same or different, in which said two alkoxy groups may be the same or different or together represent an optionally substituted oxy-alkylene-oxy bridge, comprising the steps of: (I) coating a transparent or translucent support with a solution, a dispersion or a paste of a polymer or copolymer of a 3,4-dialkoxythiophene to produce said transparent or translucent first conductive layer; (ii) coating said first conductive layer with a layer comprising an electroluminescent phosphor, (iii) coating said layer comprising an electroluminescent phosphor with a dielectric layer; and (iv) coating said dielectric layer with a solution, dispersion or paste

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comprising a polymer or copolymer of 3,4-dialkoxythiophene to produce said second conductive layer, wherein said polymer or copolymer of said 3,4-dialkoxythiophene in the solution, dispersion or pasted used in step (i) may be the same or different from said polymer or copolymer of said 3, 4-dialkoxythiophene used in the solution, dispersion or paste used in step (iv) and wherein at least one of said two electrodes further comprises a polyanion compound.

## Response to Arguments

- 9. Applicant's arguments filed November 14, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the Van Haare reference fails to disclose the inclusion of a dielectric layer. Applicant has presented new claims, which include an optional dielectric layer. As written in instant claims 16, 18 and 30-31, it is necessary for the dielectric layer to be present. Also, claim 16 recites that OR<sup>1</sup> and OR<sup>2</sup> wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> represents a C1-C4 alkyl group. The reference discloses that R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are methyl.
- 10. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner should be directed to Camie S. Thompson whose telephone number is (571) 272-1530. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7:30 am to 4:00 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rena L Dye, can be reached at (571) 272-3186. The fax phone number for the Group is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

A.U. 1724 1/19/04